

## Appendix II: Trauma Radio/Phone Report

This Is (Service Name) \_\_\_\_\_ (Unit #) \_\_\_\_\_ Service Level \_\_\_\_\_ Parish \_\_\_\_\_

Age \_\_\_\_\_

Mechanism of Injury / M.O.I. \_\_\_\_\_

Meets Trauma Center Criteria (Anatomic, Physiologic, Mechanism) by \_\_\_\_\_

GCS \_\_\_\_\_

Vitals: Airway Status / O<sub>2</sub> Device \_\_\_\_\_ B/P \_\_\_\_\_ HR \_\_\_\_\_ Resp. Rate \_\_\_\_\_ SpO<sub>2</sub> \_\_\_\_\_

Treatment rendered and Impact of treatment (physical exam improvement) \_\_\_\_\_

Scene Delays due to extrication, traffic, Etc. \_\_\_\_\_ E.T.A. \_\_\_\_\_

### Region 8 Trauma Center Criteria

#### Physiological:

- Glasgow Coma Scale <14
- SBP <90 mm/Hg (<60 in peds.)
- Respiratory Rate <10 or >29/min or need for ventilatory support
- Respiratory Rate <20 in infant less than 1 year or need for ventilatory support
- Revised Trauma Score < 11
- Pediatric Trauma Score < 9

#### Anatomic:

- Penetrating injuries to the head, neck torso or extremities proximal to the elbow and knee.
- Flail chest
- Two or more proximal long bone fractures
- Crushed, degloved or mangled extremity
- Amputation proximal to the wrist or ankle
- Pelvic fractures
- Open or depressed skull fracture
- Paralysis
- Combination of mechanism of trauma associated with burns
- Blunt abdominal injury with firm or distended abdomen or with seatbelt sign

#### Special Considerations:

- SBP <110 in adult >65 y/o
- EMS provider judgment

#### Mechanism of Injury Criteria:

- Fall:
  - Adults --+ > 20 feet (one story is equal to 10 feet)
  - Pediatric --+ > 10 feet or 2-3 times the height of the child
- High Risk Auto Crash:
  - Intrusion (including roof) --+ > 12 inches into occupant site; > 18 inches any site
  - Ejection (partial or complete) from automobile
  - Death in same passenger compartment
  - Vehicle telemetry data consistent with high risk injury
- Auto vs pedestrian/bicyclist/ATV thrown, run over or with significant (> 20 mph) impact
- Motorcycle crash > 20 mph
- Head trauma on anticoagulant (exclude ASA) or history of bleeding disorder
- Blast or explosion
- High – energy electrical injury
- Hanging

